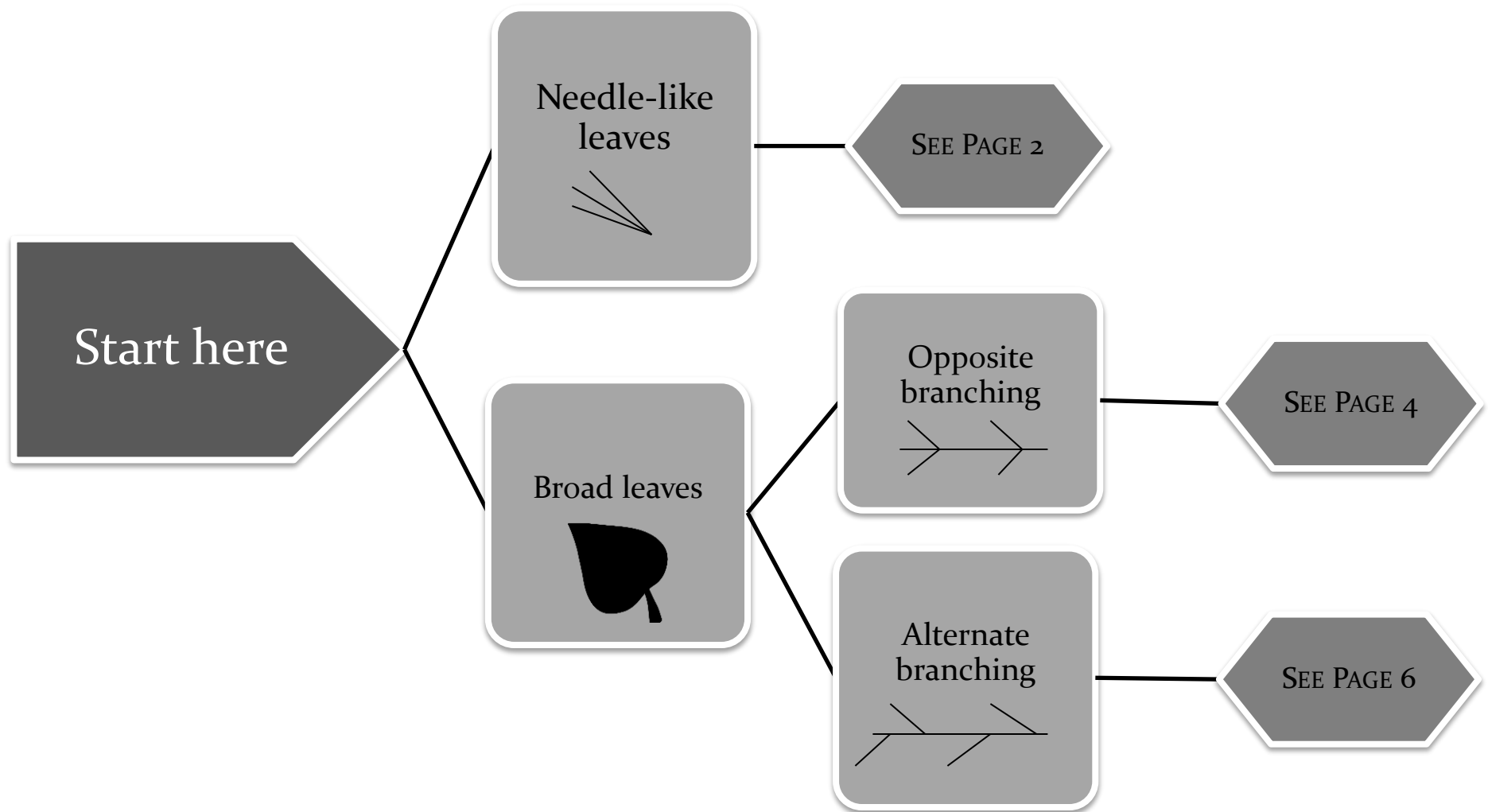
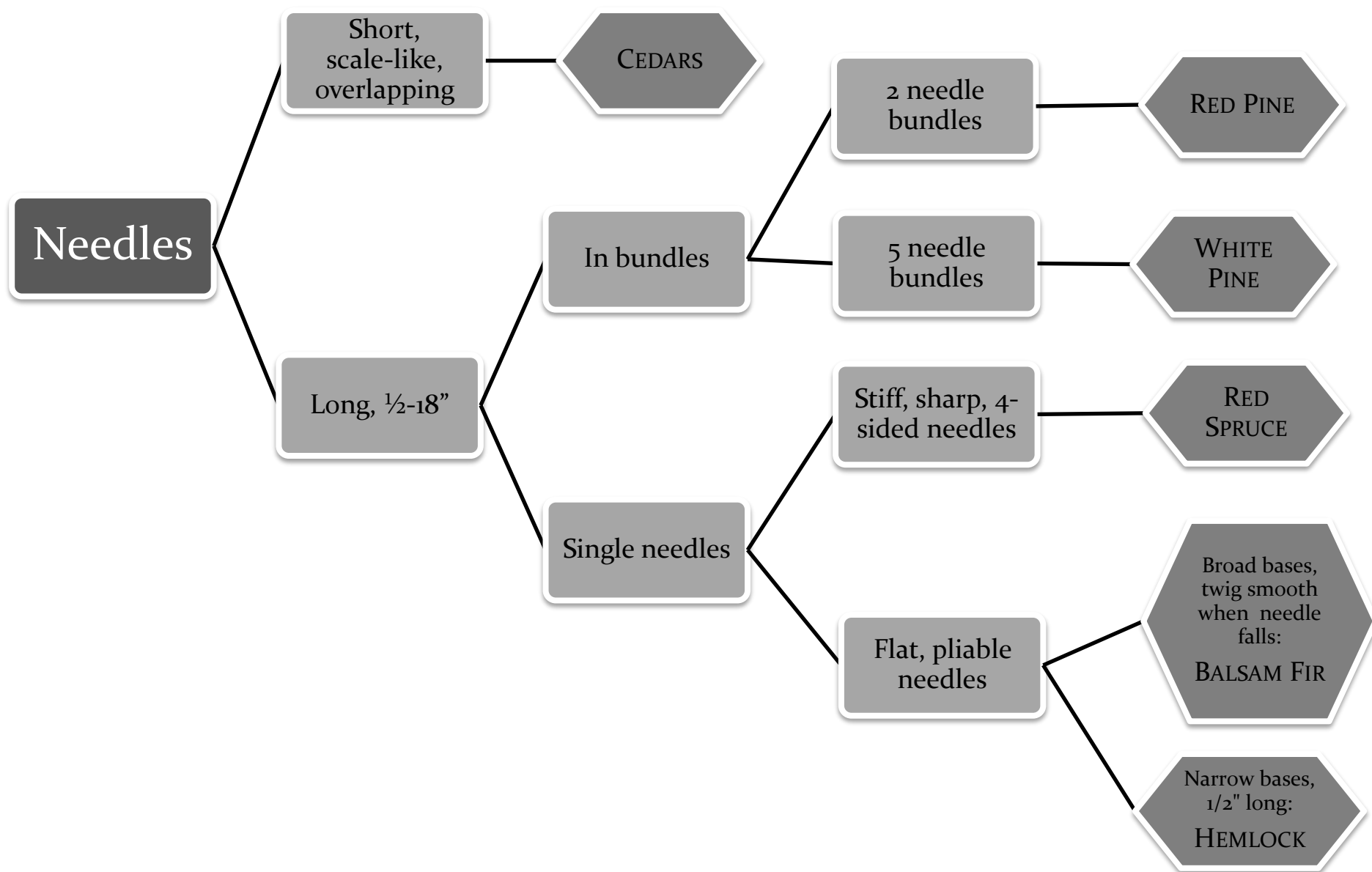
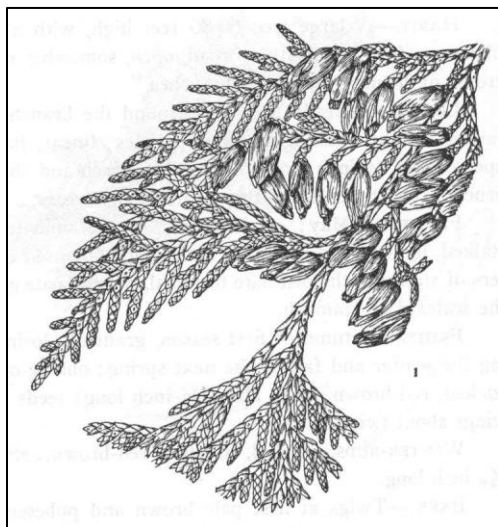


Tree Identification Key

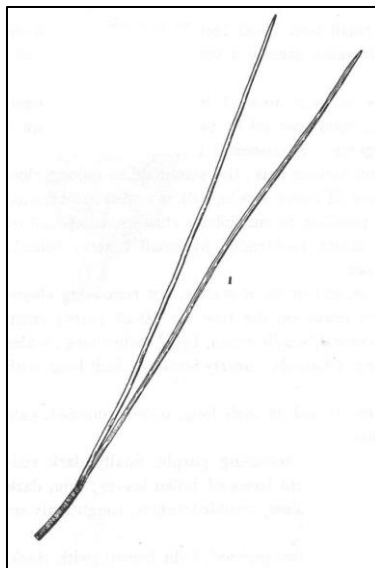




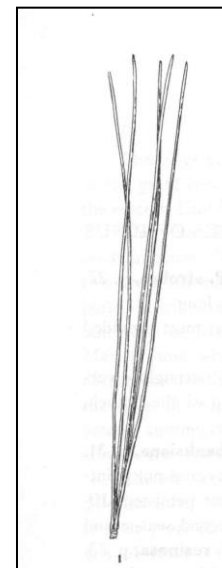
ONE EXAMPLE OF THE CEDARS



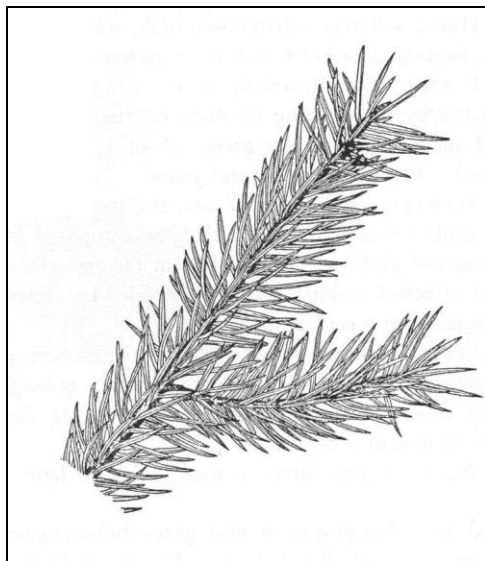
RED PINE



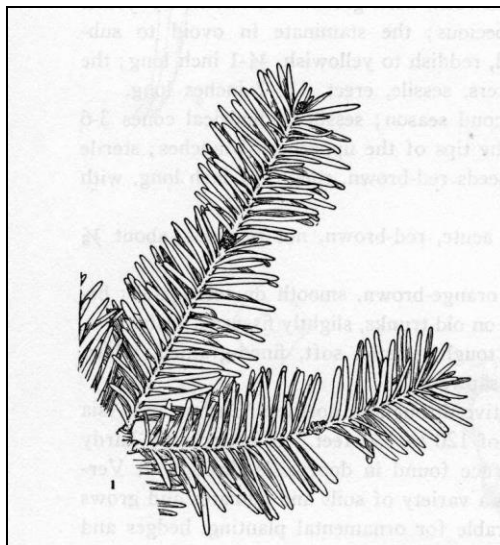
WHITE PINE



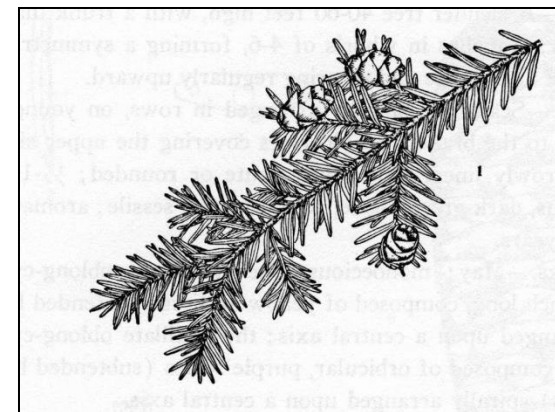
RED SPRUCE

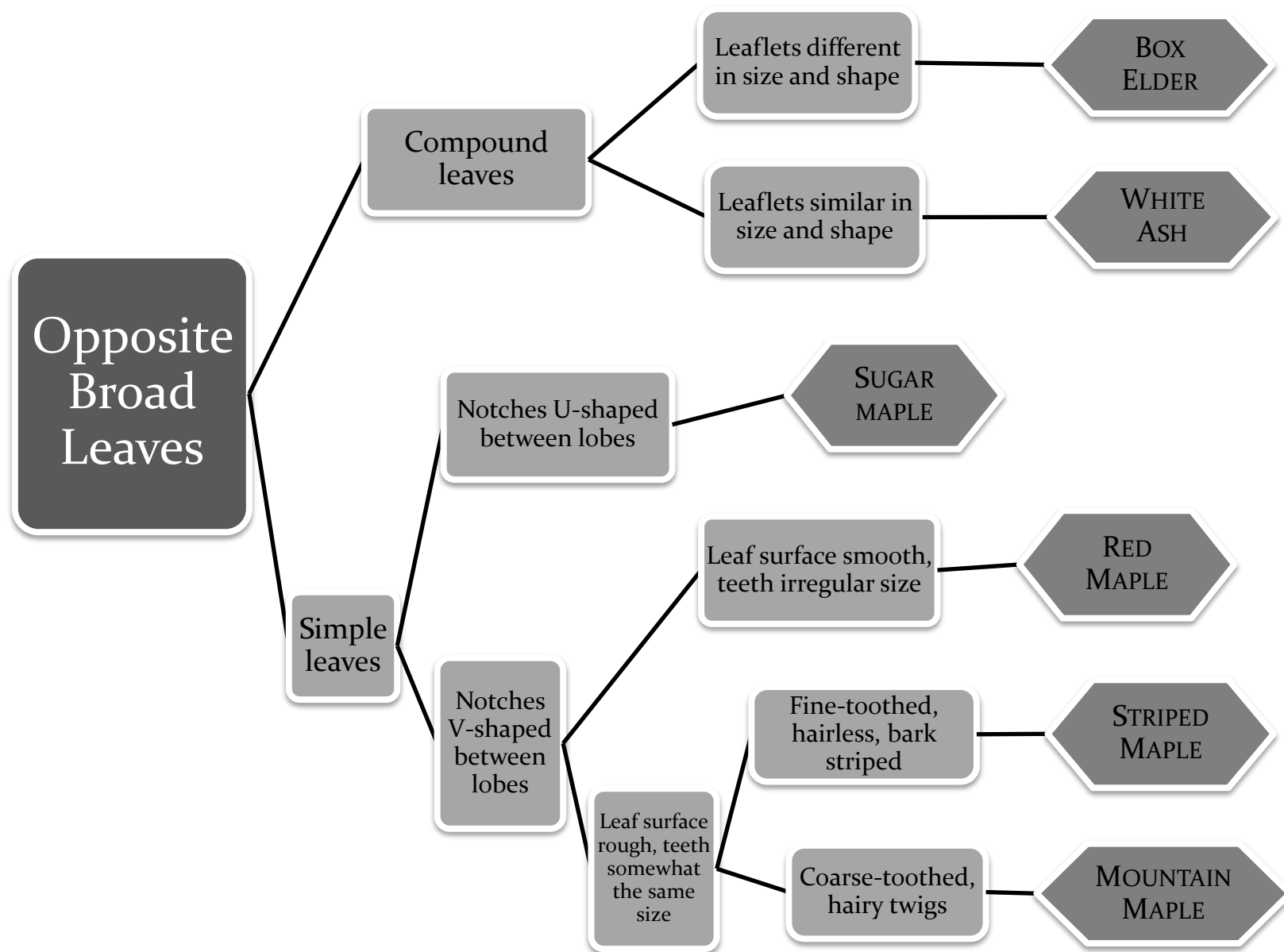


BALSAM FIR

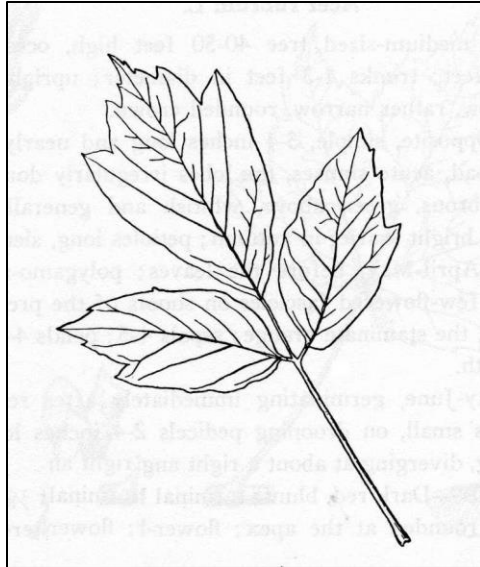


HEMLOCK





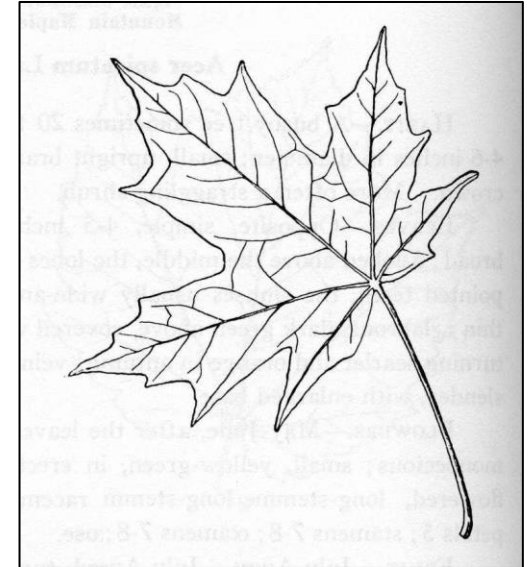
BOX ELDER



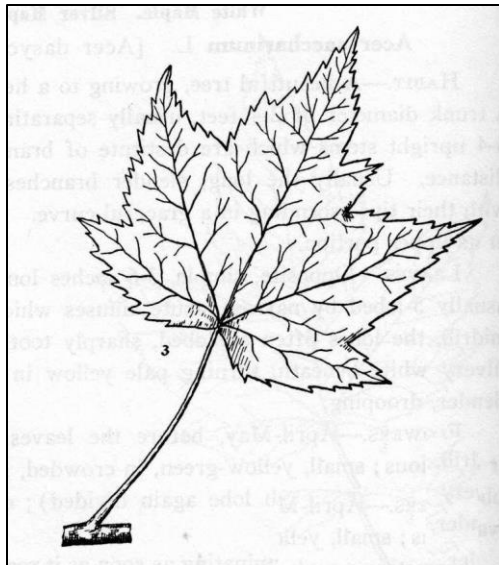
WHITE ASH



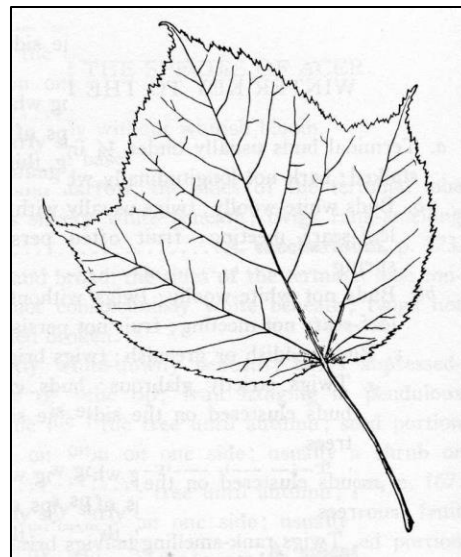
SUGAR MAPLE



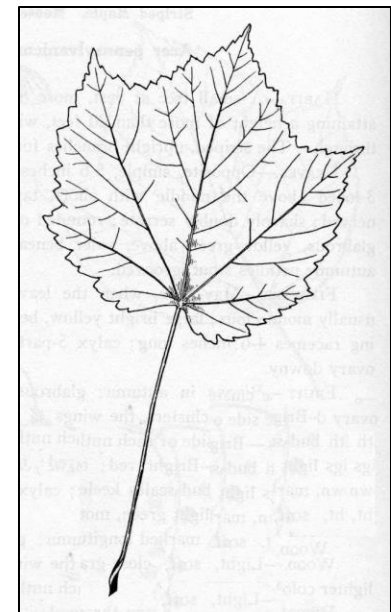
RED MAPLE

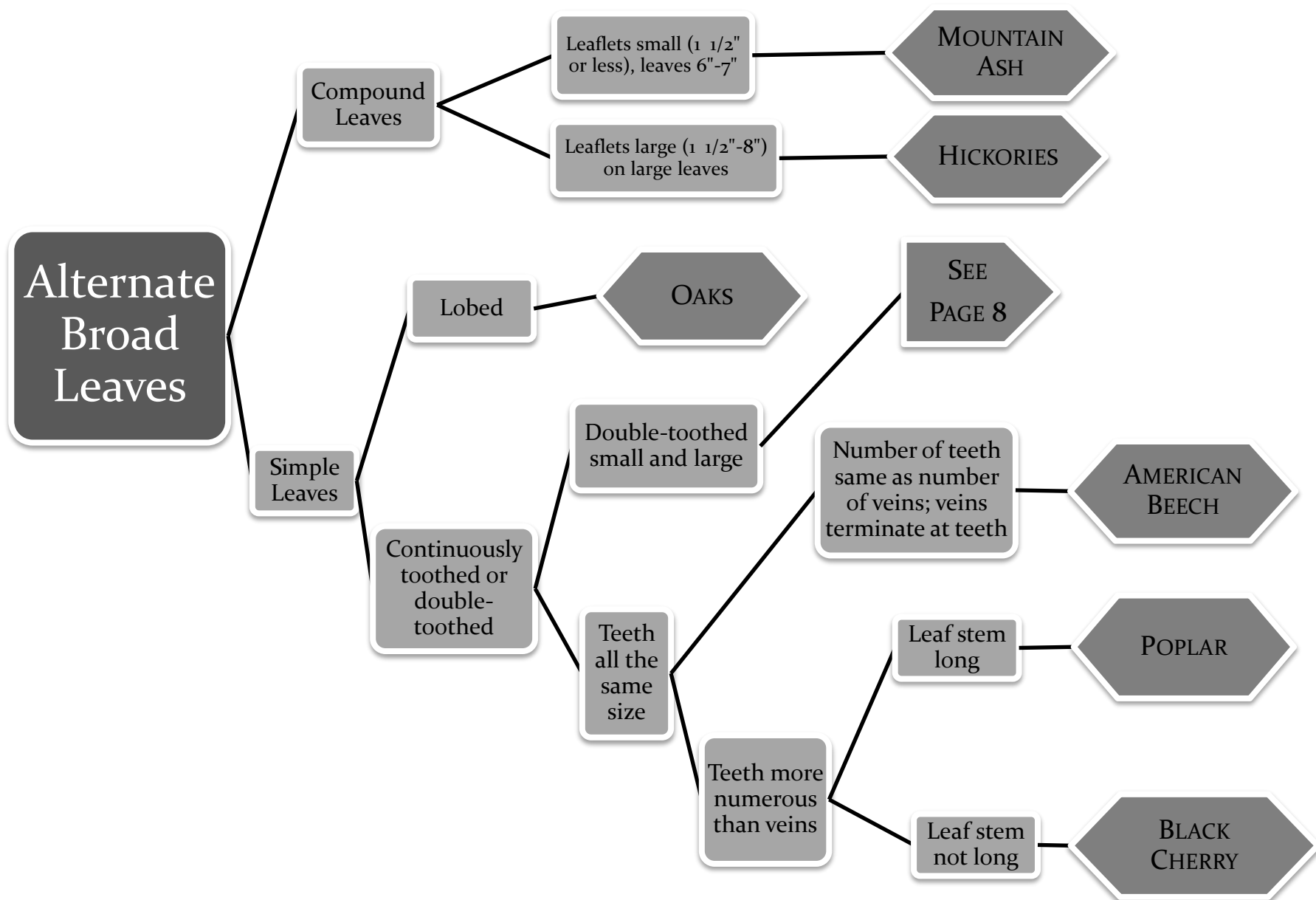


STRIPED MAPLE

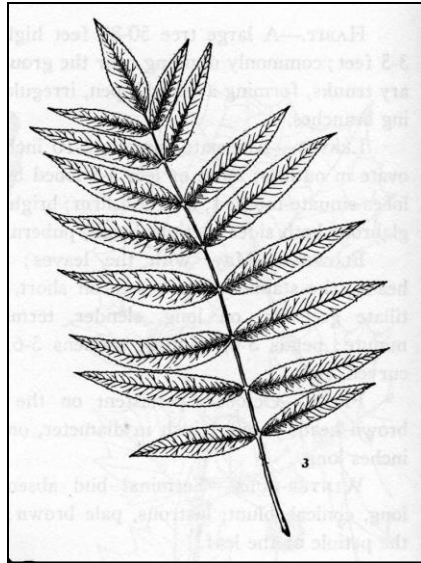


MOUNTAIN MAPLE

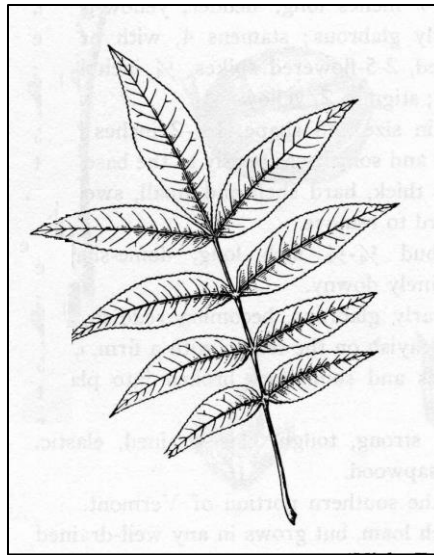




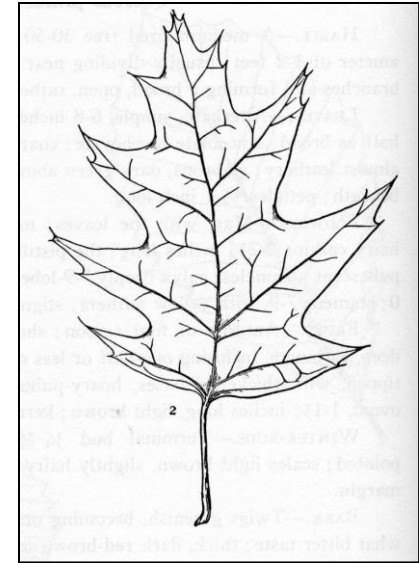
MOUNTAIN ASH



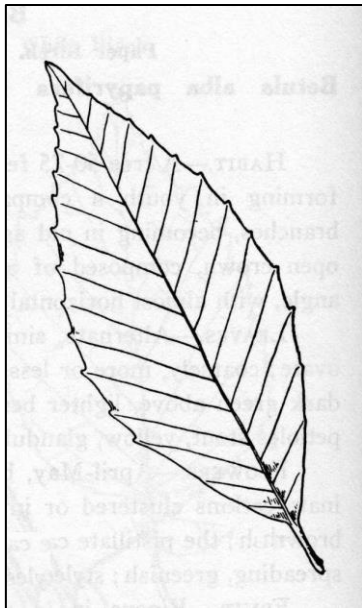
ONE EXAMPLE OF HICKORIES



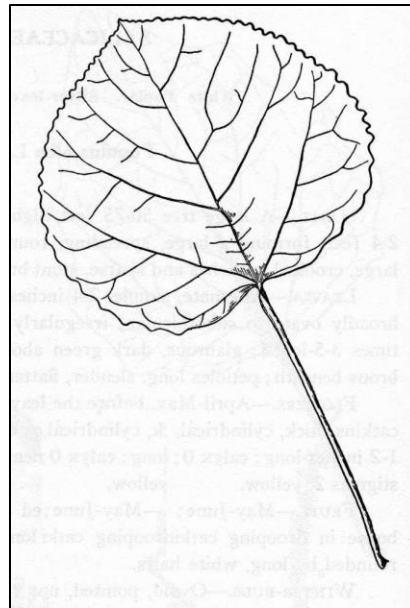
ONE EXAMPLE OF OAKS



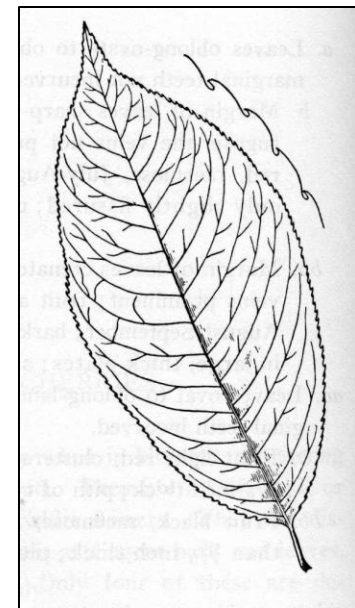
AMERICAN BEECH

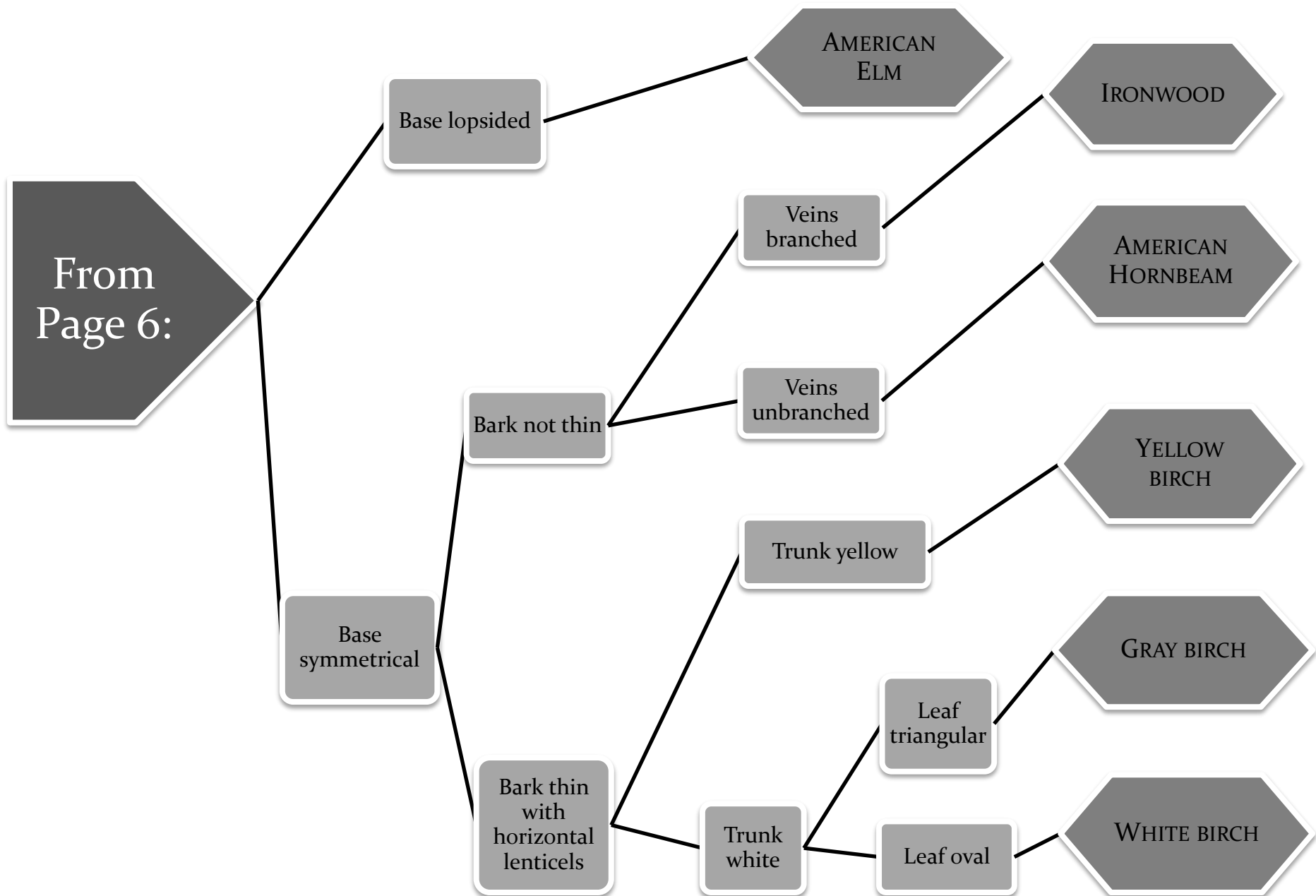


POPLAR (OR AMERICAN ASPEN)

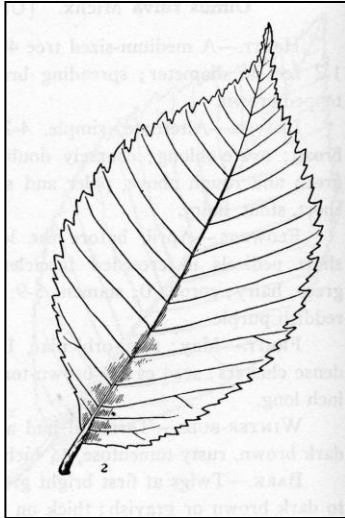


BLACK CHERRY

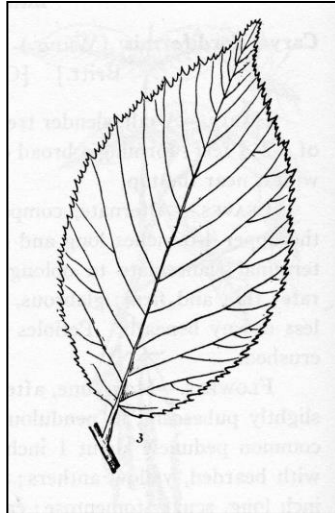




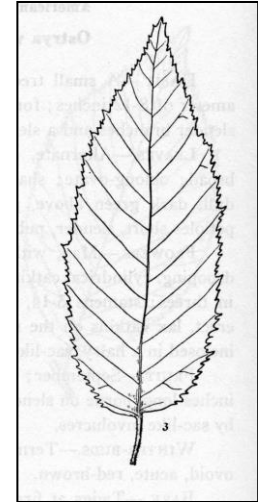
AMERICAN ELM



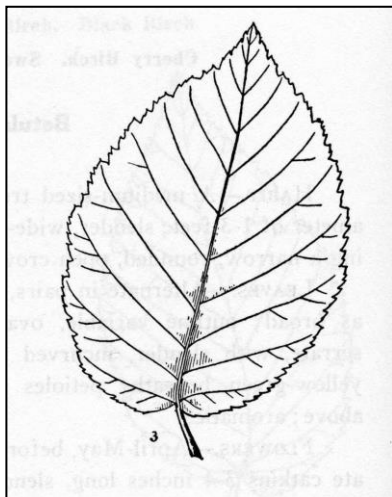
IRONWOOD



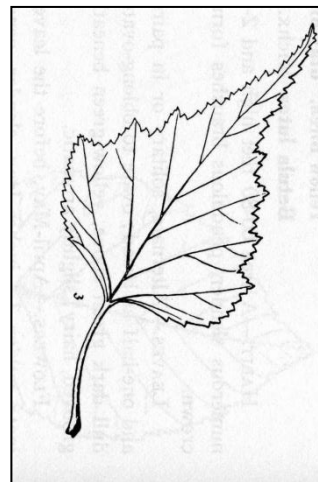
AMERICAN HORNBEAM



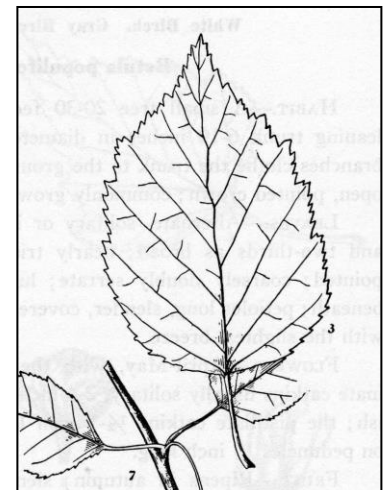
YELLOW BIRCH



GRAY BIRCH



WHITE BIRCH



Credits: Drawings from *The Handbook of Vermont Trees*, G.P. Burns and C.H. Otis, Rutland, VT: Charles E. Tuttle Co. (originally Bulletin No. 194, Vermont Agricultural Experiment Station); Key adapted from *Tree Finder*, May Theilgaard Watts, 1991, Rochester, NY: Nature Study Guild Publishers.